

## Our God Is Conditional

### Part 2 Conditional Clauses-Overview...continued

#### 2 Corinthians 3:15-18

15 But to this day whenever Moses is read, a veil lies over their heart; 16 but whenever a person **TURNS** to the Lord, the veil is taken away. 17 Now the Lord is the Spirit, and where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is liberty. 18 But we all, with unveiled face, beholding as in a mirror the glory of the Lord, are being transformed into the same image from glory to glory, just as from the Lord, the Spirit.

#### Acts 26:14-18

14 And when we had all fallen to the ground, I heard a voice saying to me in the Hebrew dialect, 'Saul, Saul, why are you persecuting Me? It is hard for you to kick against the goads.' 15 And I said, 'Who are You, Lord?' And the Lord said, 'I am Jesus whom you are persecuting. 16 But GETUP and STAND on your feet; for this purpose I have appeared to you, to appoint you a minister and a witness not only to the things which you have seen, but also to the things in which I will appear to you; 17 rescuing you from the Jewish people and from the Gentiles, to whom I am sending you, 18 to open their eyes so that they may **TURN** from darkness to light and from the dominion of Satan to God, that they **MAY** receive forgiveness of sins and an inheritance among those who have been sanctified by faith in Me.'

#### 1 John 2:1-6

1 My little children, I am writing these things to you so that you **MAY** not sin. And **IF** anyone sins, we have an Advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous; 2 and He Himself is the propitiation for our sins; and not for ours only, but also for those of the whole world.

3 By this we know that we have come to know Him, **IF** we keep His commandments.

4 The one who says, "I have come to know Him," and does not keep His commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not in him; 5 but whoever keeps His word, in him the love of God has truly been perfected. By this we know that we are in Him: 6 the one who **SAYS** he abides in Him ought himself to **WALK** in the same manner as He walked.

#### John 10:26-29

26 But you do not believe because you are not of My sheep. 27 My sheep hear My voice, and I know them, and they follow Me; 28 and I give eternal life to them, and they will never perish; and no one will snatch them out of My hand. 29 My Father, who has given them to Me, is greater than all; and no one is able to snatch them out of the Father's hand.

**1 John 2:19** They went out from us, but they were not really of us; for **IF** they had been of us, they would have remained with us; but they went out, so that it would be shown that they all are not of us.

**Matthew 7:21** “Not everyone who **SAYS** to Me, ‘Lord, Lord,’ will enter the kingdom of heaven, but he who **DOES** the will of My Father who is in heaven will enter.

**John 10:4-5**

4 When he puts forth all his own, he goes ahead of them, and the sheep follow him because they know his voice. 5 A stranger they simply will not follow, but will flee from him, *because* they do not know the voice of strangers.”

**Genesis 2:16**

16 The LORD God commanded the man, saying, “From any tree of the garden you may eat freely;

17 but from the tree of the knowledge of good and evil you shall not eat, for in the day that you eat from it you will surely die.”

**Objectives:** .

1. That it becomes crystal clear to us that God is conditional. .
2. That when reading the scriptures it becomes more obvious to us of what God's conditions are.
3. Provide clarity on the consequences of us ignoring God's conditions?
4. To change the way we read the scriptures, in terms of identifying God's conditional clauses.

*The First Conditional: We use the first conditional to talk about things that might happen in the future. We don't know what will definitely happen in the future, so we are talking about possible situations, which are likely to happen.*

*The Second Conditional: We use the second conditional to talk about hypothetical (imaginary) situations now, which are impossible, or about very unlikely situations in the future. It is great when we are dreaming or imagining things.*

*The Third Conditional; The third conditional is a bit more tricky. We use it to talk about hypothetical (imaginary) situations in the past that didn't happen in real life. We cannot change the past, so we often use this form to talk about regrets.*

*There is also a zero conditional clause as well. See diagram on last page.*





The infographic is set against a teal background. It features a central teal circle with the word 'CONDITIONALS' and the website 'www.perfect-english-grammar.com'. Surrounding this are four light blue rounded rectangles, each associated with a blue circle containing the name of the conditional type. The text in each rectangle describes the use and provides an example sentence.

**CONDITIONALS**  
www.perfect-english-grammar.com

**ZERO CONDITIONAL**  
General truths and general habits  
If + present simple, present simple  
If you add two and two, you get four.

Possible or likely things in the future  
If + present simple, will + infinitive  
If it rains later, we'll stay at home.

**FIRST CONDITIONAL**

**SECOND CONDITIONAL**  
Impossible things in the present / unlikely things in the future  
If + past simple, would + infinitive  
If I won the lottery, I would sail round the world.

Things that didn't happen in the past and their imaginary results  
If + past perfect, would + have + past participle  
If I had studied harder, I would have passed the exam.

**THIRD CONDITIONAL**

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